



## [Genesis 22:16-18](#)

(16) And said, By myself have I sworn, saith the LORD, for because thou hast done this thing, and hast not withheld thy son, thine only son: (17) That in blessing I will bless thee, and in multiplying I will multiply thy seed as the stars of the heaven, and as the sand which is upon the sea shore; and thy seed shall possess the gate of his enemies; (18) And in thy seed shall all the nations of the earth be blessed; because thou hast obeyed my voice.

*King James Version*

[God](#) does not condition His fulfilling this promise on any expected behavior by Abraham. Its fulfillment is not dependent on Abraham's *doing* something in the future. This promise, unlike the promises in the later books of the Pentateuch, is an *unconditional* promise.

Consider, as a second example of an unconditional promise, [Genesis 12:7](#): "Then the LORD appeared to Abram and said, 'To your descendants I will give this land.'" That is all there is to the promise. God attaches no *ifs*, *ands*, or *buts* to it at all. God simply says, "I will do it. Period."

The same could be said of *any* of the promises to the patriarchs. An analysis of [Genesis 12:1-3](#), 7; 13:15-16; 15:18-21; 17:6-8; and 35:11-12 will yield this conclusion: *In every single instance, the fulfillment of the promise does not depend on any future action or behavior God expected on the part of Abraham, [Isaac](#), or Israel (Jacob)*. All these scriptures record unconditional promises.

In making these unconditional promises, God revealed His purpose to the patriarchs, at least in outline. It is a purpose to which God is *absolutely* committed. He will allow nothing—or anyone—to stand in the way of His executing it. A good example of His resolute determination to carry out His purposes, no matter what individuals may do or think, is an incident that took place as God was about to lead the children of Israel into Canaan.

Fearful of the indigenous population, the children of Israel refused to enter the land—refused, in effect, to believe that God meant what He said when He promised Canaan to their ancestors, Abraham, Isaac, and Israel. In their rebellion, they even determined to "select a leader and return to Egypt" ([Numbers 14:4](#)). God's people, lacking [faith](#), were actually trying to thwart His purposes. He was so angry with their lack of faith that He thought to "strike them with the pestilence and disinherit them, and . . . make [[Moses](#)] . . . a nation greater and mightier than they" ([Numbers 14:12](#)). To fulfill His unconditional [promises to Abraham](#), God was willing to destroy an entire people and raise up another through Moses, through whom He could honor His promises to the patriarchs.

As [Numbers 14:13-20](#) shows, Moses dissuaded God from taking such drastic action. Nevertheless, the episode illustrates the zeal God displays in honoring His promises. He means business.

— Charles Whitaker

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